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# EVERGREENS TREES SHRUBS



The Clizabeth Qursery (o. WILDER STREET ELIZABETH, NEW JERSEY



# Fruit Department

APPLES-1st size, \$1.25. X, \$1.50. XX, \$1.75.

BALDWIN. Large, bright red. Crisp and juicy.

DELICIOUS. Fruit large, dark red.

DUCHESS. Streaked with red and yellow. Tender and juicy.

EARLY HARVEST. Pale yellow, tender and fine flavor.

FALL PIPPIN. Large, yellow. Flesh tender and delicious.

GRIMES GOLDEN. Golden yellow. Flesh tender and juicy.

GRAVENSTEIN. A large striped apple; finest quality.

KING. Red apple of large size and fine quality.

MAIDEN'S BLUSH. Yellow, red cheek. Fine for cooking.

NORTHERN SPY. Large, striped. Rapid grower and good bearer.

RED ASTRACHAN. Deep crimson; juicy, tart. Good bearer.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING. A well-known and popular variety. Excellent for cooking.

SWEET BOUGH. Pale yellow, sweet and juicy.

WEALTHY. Medium size, red. Flesh white and juicy.

CRAB APPLES-1st size, \$1.25. X, \$1.50. XX, \$1.75.

HYSLOP. Large size, dark crimson. Very showy.

TRANSCENDANT. Yellow, striped red. Flesh juicy and crisp.

CHERRIES—X, \$1.50. XX, \$2.00.

BLACK TARTARIAN. Sweet. Bright purplish black.

GOV. WCOD. Sweet. Large, nearly white with red cheek. One of the best canning Cherries.

NAPOLEON BIGARREAU. Sweet. Large, pale yellow or red.

EARLY RICHMOND. Sour. Dark red, juicy.

MONTMORENCY. Sour. Fruit large, fine flavor. Very prolific.

PEACHES-1st size, 75c. X, \$1.00. XX, \$1.25.

BELLE OF GEORGIA. White Elberta.

CARMAN. Large size; yellow with red cheek.

CHAMPION. Early. White with red cheek.

CRAWFORD EARLY. Large. Yellow with red cheeks.

CRAWFORD LATE. Large size, yellow. One of the best late varieties.

ELBERTA. Large; yellow with red cheek.

**GREENSBORO.** The largest and most beautifully colored of the early varieties.

IRON MOUNTAIN. Flesh white. Late.

MOUNTAIN ROSE. Large; flesh white and of good flavor.

OLD MIXON. Flesh white. Rich and excellent flavor.

STUMP THE WORLD. Large. Flesh white, of high quality.

PEARS-1st size, \$1.50. X, \$1.75. XX, \$2.00.

BARTLETT. Large. Juicy and high flavored.

CLAPPS FAVORITE. Large. Yellowish green. Melting.

BEURRE D'ANJOU. Large. Flesh rich and delicious.

DUCHESS D'ANGOULEME. Large. Greenish yellow. Flesh white; rich excellent flavor.

KIEFFER'S HYBRID. A fall variety and very prolific bearer.

SECKEL. Small. Yellowish brown. Sweet exceedingly juicy.

SHELDON. Medium size; melting, juicy. Highly flavored.

### PLUMS—1st size, \$1.50. X, \$1.75. XX, \$2.00.

GERMAN PRUNE. Large. Color, dark purple. Fine flavor. IMPERIAL GAGE. Skin pale green. Very productive.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON. Fine quality. Flesh amber colored, juicy.

ABUNDANCE. Japanese variety. Fruit large. Flesh light yellow.

BURBANK. Japanese variety. Flesh a deep yellow color. Very sweet.

#### QUINCES-1st size, \$1.25.

ORANGE. Large, roundish. Bright golden yellow.

CHAMPION. A prolific and constant bearer. Fruit larger than Orange.

DWARF APPLES. List on application. 1st size, \$1.00.

#### GRAPES-50c each, except where noted.

CONCORD. Black. Juicy, sweet and productive.

MOORES EARLY. Black. Bunches and berries large. Ripens earlier than Concord.

WORDEN. Black. Larger than Concord, much sweeter and of fine flavor.

AGAWAM. Red. Large berry, early and of vigorous growth.

BRIGHTON. Red. Berries of medium size.

CACO. The most delicious of all Grapes. Berries wine-red. Bunches compact and of good size. \$1.50 each.

DELAWARE. Berries small; light red color. Flesh juicy, fine flavor.

SALEM. Light red; berries large and very sweet.

MOORES DIAMOND. Bunches large and compact. Greenish white.

NIAGARA. One of the most popular white varieties. Bunch large and compact.

POCKLINGTON. A light golden yellow. Berries large.

#### BLACKBERRIES-25c each. \$1.50 per 10.

BLOWER. Large size, very hardy and fine quality.

ELDORADO. Large, jet black. Very sweet.

CURRANTS-25c each. \$2.00 per 10.

CHERRY. Large, red. Bunches short.

FAYS PROLIFIC. Color deep red; great bearer; stems longer than Cherry.

PERFECTION. Bright red; great bearer. Rich and mild.

WHITE GRAPE. Large; yellowish white; sweet or mild acid.

GOOSEBERRIES-50c each. \$3.50 per 10.

DOWNING. Large, light green, juicy and very good.

HOUGHTONS. Medium size, red. Very good.

GIANT HIMALAYA BERRY-35c each. \$2.50 per 10.

This luscious berry is black, borne in clusters in constant succession through the Summer.

LOGAN BERRY-35c each. \$2.50 per 10.

Fruit size and shape of large Blackberry. Dark red. Mild flavor.

RASPBERRIES-25c each. \$1.50 per 10. Except where noted.

CUTHBERT. Rich crimson; luscious; vigorous.

LA FRANCE, Everbearing. One of the most remarkable Raspberries. Extremely hardy and often the late fruiting is heavier than the early. Deep pink and of delicious flavor. Transplanted plants, 75c each. \$6.50 per 10.

RANERE (St. Regis), Everbearing. The earliest of all red Raspberries. Wonderfully prolific.

CUMBERLAND. Black. Very large.

PLUM FARMER. Berries coal black and of highest quality.

ASPARAGUS-\$3.00 per 100.

BARR'S MAMMOTH

**PALMETTO** 

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL

**GIANT ARGENTEUIL** 

RHUBARB or PIE PLANT-25c each.

MYATT'S LINNAEUS. Earliest variety.

# Ornamental Department

## **EVERGREEN TREES**

Sizes and Prices on Application

- BIOTA ORIENTALIS AUREA NANA. Berckman's Golden Arbor Vitae. A golden variety of dwarf habit. Slow growing evergreen.
- B. ORIENTALIS ELEGANTISSIMA. Rollinson's Golden Arbor Vitae. Pyramidal form, young foliage tipped with yellow.
- CRYPTOMERIA LOUBI COMPACTA. Of slender habit; leaves deep green, assuming a stiff, prickly habit.

- JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS ARGENTEO-VARIEGATA. Very dense, bluish green foliage interspersed with silvery white.
- J. CHINENSIS PFITZERIANA. One of the most valuable evergreens.

  Blue-green foliage; spreading form.
- J. COMMUNIS CANADENSIS AUREA. Douglas' Golden Juniper.
  Of spreading growth, with bright golden foliage.
- J. COMMUNIS HIBERNICA. Irish Juniper. Tree with dense, pillar-like growth.
- J. EXCELSA STRICTA. Upright habit, with bluish foliage. Compact grower.
- J. SABINA. Savin Juniper. Of dwarf, spreading growth and well adapted for rock work.
- J. VIRGINIANA. Red Cedar. Very erect with bright, rich green foliage useful for ornamental planting and formal gardens.
- J. VIRGINIANA GLAUCA. Blue Virginia Cedar. A compact conical tree with silvery foliage.
- J. VIRGINIANA SCHOTTI. Fine, pyramidal habit; foliage bright green.
- PICEA PUNGENS GLAUCA KOSTERIANA. Koster's Blue Spruce. Unquestionably the most beautiful of all evergreens. Foliage of a bright silvery blue; extremely hardy.
- PINUS AUSTRIACA. Austrian Pine. A remarkably hardy tree of spreading form, with long, stiff, dark green leaves.
- P. MONTANA MUGHUS. Mugho Pine. A dwarf tree of the highest value where a low, dense, spreading growth is desired. Very dark foliage.
- P. STROBUS. White Pine. One of the most valuable and stately of our native evergreens.
- P. SYLVESTRIS. Scotch Pine. A fine, robust, rapid-growing tree.

  Erect shoots and silvery green foliage. Hardy.
- RETINISPORA FILIFERA. Thread-branched Cypress. An elegant drooping form, with small, sharp-pointed, glossy, green leaves. It is perfectly hardy.
- R. FILIFERA AUREA. Golden Thread-branched Cypress. A lovely, bright golden form of the preceding; equally hardy and most valuable.
- R. OBTUSA. A compact, dark, green-foliaged evergreen of great
- R. OBTUSA GRACILIS. Similar to the preceding variety, but of more rapid growth and not so compact.
- R. PISIFERA. Pea-fruited Cypress. An upright tree; foliage light green. A rapid grower.
- R. PISIFERA AUREA. Golden Pea-fruited Cypress. Resembles the former in growth. Foliage rich, golden yellow.
- R. PLUMOSA. Plume-like Cypress. It forms a very dense tree of conical form.
- R. PLUMISA AUREA. Golden-plumed. One of the most striking and desirable evergreens in our collection. Similar to the preceding in its habit of growth.

- R. SQUARROSA VEITCHEI. Silver Cypress. Very different from all other Retinisporas, with sharp pointed, silvery foliage, delicate and beautiful.
- R. SULPHUREA. Very beautiful, dwarf evergreen; foliage pale vellow.
- TAXUS CUSPIDATA. Japanese Yew. Dense dark foliage; unusually hardy and rich in appearance.
- CUSPIDATA BREVIFOLIA. Extremely dwarf and compact growing. Very hardy. We consider it one of the best.
- THUYA JAPONICA SYN. STANDISHII. Japanese Arbor Vitae. Drooping habit, long and loose branches.
- T. OCCIDENTALIS. American Arbor Vitae. Well-known evergreen.
- T. OCCIDENTALIS COMPACTA. A dwarf variety; light green foliage.
- T. OCCIDENTALIS GLOBOSA. Globe-headed Arbor Vitae. Dwarf form, compact. Foliage an attractive green.
- T. OCCIDENTALIS HOVEYI. A very desirable, low-growing sort; light green.
- T. OCCIDENTALIS SIBIRICA. Siberian Arbor Vitae. A lowgrowing, dense form with peculiar bluish green foliage.
- T. OCCIDENTSLIA VERVAENEANA. A wonderfully attractive variety, the green being beautifully interspersed with bright golden yellow changing to bronze in winter.
- TSUGA CANADENSIS. Hemlock. A tree with drooping branches and delicate dark foliage.

# Evergreen Shrubs

ANDROMEDA CATESBAEI. Dwarf; leaves of beautiful shades of dark red and crimson in Autumn. Covered in Spring with fragrant white flowers.

2 to 2½ ft.....\$4.00  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 ft......\$5.00

A. JAPONICA. A dwarf variety with rich, smooth foliage and drooping racemes of waxy white flowers. 12 to 15 in.....\$2.50 15 to 18 in.....\$4.00

AZALEA AMCENA. This well-known favorite is of dwarf, bushy habit. It is so densely covered during the months of April or May with rosy-purple flowers as to hide every twig.

12 to 15 in.......\$1.75 18 to 24 in......\$4.50 5 to 6 ft. x 5 to 6 ft.....\$35.00 to \$50.00 

A. HINODIGIRI. Somewhat resembles Amoena in growth, but flowers are larger and more brilliant, color being a striking shade of bright carmine pink.

> ₽ to 10 in.....\$1.50 6 to 8 in......\$1.00

BUXUS SEMPERVIRENS. Common Tree Box.

5 to 6 in	
COTONEASTER HORIZONTALIS. A low shrub, bright red fruit.  12 to 15 in\$1.50 18 to 24 in\$2.50	
C. SIMONDSII. Attractive shrub with white flowers and red berries all winter.  3 to 4 ft	
ILEX CRENATA. Japanese Holly. An evergreen shrub, small glossy, deep green foliage.         18 to 24 in\$2.50       2 to 2½ ft\$3.50         2½ to 3 ft\$5.00       3 to 4 ft\$7.50         4 to 5 ft	
KALMIA LATIFOLIA. Mountain Laurel. Evergreen shrub of medium size. Large clusters of pink and white flowers.  12 to 15 in. \$1.25 2 ft. \$2.50  18 to 24 in. \$2.00 Specimens, \$5 to \$15.00	
RHODODENDRON CATAWBIENSE. One of the hardiest as well as most striking and highly colored of all the native varieties.  2 ft	
R. MAXIMUM. A tall strong-growing variety, extremely hardy. Its white and pink-tinted flowers appear late in June and July.  18 to 24 in\$1.50 2½ to 3 ft\$3.00 2 to 2½ ft\$2.50 3 to 4 ft\$5.00 Specimens\$5.00 to \$15.00	
PARSONS HARDY HYBRID RHODODENDRONS. Prices on application.	
Ornamental Trees Sizes and Prices on Application	
ACER PLATANOIDES. Norway Maple. A large, handsome tree for street planting.	

- A. PLATANOIDES SCHWEDLERI. Schwedler's Maple. A beautiful variety with leaves of a bright purplish and crimson color.
- A. RUBRUM. Red or Scarlet Maple. Conspicuous in the fall for its glowing crimson foliage.
- A. SACCHARINUM. Sugar or Rock Maple. A well-known native tree.
- AESCULUS HIPPOCASTANUM. European or Common Horse-Chestnut. Large sized tree, hardy and free from diseases. Flowers white.
- ANDROMEDA ARBOREA or SORREL TREE. A small white flowering tree with shining, peach-like leaves which assume brilliant Autumn tints.

6 to 8 ft.....\$3.50 8 to 10 ft.....\$5.00

CATALPA BUNGEIL Umbrella Tree The foliage is deep green
CATALPA BUNGEII. Umbrella Tree. The foliage is deep green, forming a beautiful roof of leaves. A most striking and beau-
tiful object on the lawn.  1-year heads\$2.00 2-year heads\$3.50
XX heads \$5.00
CERCIS CANADENSIS. Often called Red Bud from the profusion
of delicate reddish purple flowers before the foliage.
3 to 4 ft
CORNUS FLORIDA. White flowering Dodwood.  10 to 12 ft
CORNUS FLORIDA STANDARD. TREE FORM. 7 to 8 ft\$7.00 8 to 10 ft\$10.00
C. FLORIDA RUBRA. Red-flowering Dogwood. 6 to 7 ft
FAGUS SYLVATICA. European Beech. A large tree, deep green
foliage.
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 3 in. cal
F. SYLVATICA PURPUREA. Purple leaved Beech. A fine vigorous tree. The foliage in Spring is deep purple changing to a
dull purplish green in the Fall.
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 3 in. dia
MAGNOLIA ACUMINATA. Cucumber Tree. Greenish yellow flowers in June followed by showy carmine fruit.
10 to 12 ft\$5.00
M. SOULANGEANA. Flowers white and purple. Blooms before the leaves appear.
12 to 14 ft\$20.00 to \$25.00
MORUS ALBA TATARICA PENDULA. Weeping Mulberry.
Forms a perfect umbrella-shaped head, with long slender branches drooping to the ground.
2-year heads\$4.00 X size\$5.00
PERSICA VULGARIS. Double Flowering Peach, Red, White and Pink.
4 to 5 ft\$1.50 5 to 6 ft\$2.00
PLATANUS ORIENTALIS. Oriental Plane. A well-known tree of
rapid growth. 10 to 12 ft\$3.50 2-in. cal\$4.00
3-in. cal. \$8.00
POPULUS FASTIGIATA. Lombardy Poplar. Of narrow upright
growth; indispensible in landscape gardening.
6 to 8 ft\$1.75 8 to 10 ft\$1.75 10 to 12 ft\$2.25 12 to 14 ft\$3.00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in diam
PYRUS AUGUSTIFOLIA. Bechtel's Double Flowering Crab. Shapely, compact dwarf tree with pink flowers.
3 to 4 ft\$1.75
P. FLORIBUNDA. A distinct variety with long, slender branches.
P. FLORIBUNDA. A distinct variety with long, slender branches.  Flowers change from carmine to white when open.  4 to 5 ft

minimum minimu
QUERCUS ALBA. American White Oak. Smooth, lobed leaves, pale green above, glaucous beneath, turning purple in Autumn.  3 to 4-in. diam
Q. PALUSTRIS. Pin Oak. We consider this the best Oak. It is distinguished by its elegant growth, the drooping tendency of its limbs and fine deeply cut foliage which in the fall colors brilliantly.  10 to 12 ft\$4.00 12 to 14 ft\$7.00 Specimens\$20.00 to \$35.00
SALIX BABYLONICA. Weeping Willow. Perfectly hardy and a rapid grower.  6 to 8 ft
SORBUS AUCUPARIA. European Mountain Ash. Covered in Fall with clusters of bright scarlet berries.  6 to 8 ft
TILIA AMERICAN. American Linden. Fine native tree.
Flowering Shrubs
18 to 24 in
AMORPHA FRUTICOSA. False Indigo. Flowers dark, bluish purple in June and July.  3 to 4 ft.
ARALIA MAXIMOWICZII. A very fine variety with leaves of rich, deep green.  4 to 5 ft
A. PENTAPHYLLA. A pretty shrub of rapid growth; shining deep green, five-lobed leaves.  2 to 3 ft
A. SPINOSA. Hercules' Club. A small tree or large shrub with stout prickly stems. Flowers creamy white in huge panicles.  3 to 4 ft
ARONIA ARBUTIFOLIA. Red Chokeberry. Very ornamental shrub. White flowers, followed by bright red berries.  2 to 3 ft
A. NIGRA. Black Chokeberry. A dense-growing shrub, covered in May with white flowers, followed with showy black fruit.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.
AZALEA MOLLIS. Of dwarf, bush-like habit. The flowers appear in bunches of different shades of yellow.  12 to 15 in
A. NUDIFLORA. Pinkster Flower. Free flowering shrub, flowers in early Spring. Deep pink, profuse and very showy.  2 to 3 ft

BACCHARIS HALIMIFOLIA. Its dark green foliage and white fluffy clusters of seed vessels appear in September.  18 to 24 in. 2 to 3 ft.
BERBERIS THUNBERGII. Japanese Barberry. Of dwarf, compact habit. The white flowers appear the last of May followed by berries in great abundance in fall. Used for ornamental hedging.
12 to 18 in
BERBERIS NANA. Box Barberry. Very dwarf.  10 to 12 in
CALYCANTHUS. The old-fashioned Shrub.  2 to 3 ft
CHIONANTHUS VIRGINICA. Blooms abundantly, bearing curious, snow-white fringe like flowers.  2 to 3 ft\$1.50
CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA. Sweet Pepper Bush. A most useful shrub bearing a profuse number of upright spikes of yellowish white flowers.  18 to 24 in.
COMPTONIA ASPLENIFOLIA. Sweet Fern. Fern-like, dark green, scented foliage and brownish heads of flowers.  18 to 24 in. 2 to 3 ft.
CORNUS ALBA. Red-twigged Dogwood. Very conspicuous and ornamental in winter.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.
C. STOLONIFERA. Native Red Osier. Very effective. White flowers early in June.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.
DEUTZIA CRENATA CANDIDISSIMA. Flowers double white. Tall
growing.  18 to 24 in.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.
D. CRENATA FL. PL. Flowers double, white, tinged with rose.
Blooms in June.  18 to 24 in.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.  4 to 5 ft.
D. CRENATA PRIDE OF ROCHESTER. A variety producing large,
double white flowers.  19 to 24 in.  2 to 3 ft.
3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.
D. GRACILIS. Dwarf, white flowers completely cover the plant in June.
9 to 12 in
D. GRACILIS ROSEA. Medium size; compact; profusely covered with light rose flowers. 18 to 24 in.

D. LEMOINEI. The branches are entirely covered with erect panicles of large, snow-white flowers.
18 to 24 in. 2 to 3 ft.
ENKIANTHUS JAPONICUS. White, bell-shaped flowers in early Spring; leaves turn brilliant in Autumn.  2 to 2½ ft
EUONYMUS ALATUS. Cork-barked Euonymus. A compact variety, attractive during Autumn when full of bright colored fruit and brilliant crimson foliage.  18 to 24 in\$1.00 3 to 4 ft\$4.00 6 to 8 ft\$25.00
EXOCHORDA GRANDIFLORA. Pure white, fragrant flowers, somewhat resembling the Syringa.  2 to 3 ft\$1.00 3 to 4 ft\$1.25 4 to 5 ft\$1.50
FORSYTHIA FORTUNEI. Extremely pretty when its arched branches are full of golden yellow flowers in April.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.
F. INTERMEDIA. A charming shrub, foliage glossy green; flowers bright golden and very profuse.
2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.
F. SUSPENSA. Flowers bright yellow, somewhat drooping.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.
F. VIRIDISSIMA. Great bloomer, entirely covering the bush with light yellow flowers in April.
2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.
2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. HIBISCUS SYRIACUS. Rose of Sharon. Double pink. Double
2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.
2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.  HIBISCUS SYRIACUS. Rose of Sharon. Double pink. Double red. Double white.  18 to 24 in
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KERRIA JAPONICA. A slender, green-branched shrub, covered with single yellow flowers from July to October.  18 to 24 in
LIGUSTRUM AMURENSE. Northern Amoor River Privet. Grows very much like the California Privet, but it is much hardier.  18 to 24 in
<ul><li>L. IBOTA. A valuable shrub; flowers white, produced in great profusion.</li><li>18 to 24 in., 25c each, \$2.00 per 10</li></ul>
2 to 3 ft., 35c each, \$2.50 per 10, \$15.00 per 100 3 to 4 ft., 40c each, \$3.00 per 10, \$20.00 per 100 4 to 5 ft., 50c each, \$4.00 per 10, \$30.00 per 100
L. IBOTA REGELIANUM. Splendid, dense shrub, with horizontal-growing branches. 18 to 24 in., 50c each, \$4.00 per 10, \$35.00 per 100
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., 75c each, \$6.00 per 10, \$50.00 per 100
L. OVALIFOLIUM. California Privet. One of our best hedge plants.
12 to 15 in. \$1.00 per 10, \$5.00 per 100 18 to 24 in. \$1.50 per 10, \$8.00 per 100 2 to 3 ft. \$2.00 per 10, \$10.00 per 100 3 to 4 ft. \$2.50 per 10, \$12.00 per 100
LONICERA FRACRANTISSIMA. Fragrant Upright Honeysuckle.  A beautiful evergreen shrub with fragrant flowers.  2 to 3 ft
L. MORROWI. Pure white flowers; bright red fruit from August till late in fall.  2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.
L. RUPRECHTIANA. A fine variety, particularly ornamental on account of its showy red fruit.  2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 t.
<ul><li>L. TATARICA. Bears a profusion of bright pink flowers in the Spring. Followed by orange-scarlet berries.</li><li>2 to 3 ft.</li><li>3 to 4 ft.</li></ul>
L. TATARICA ALBA. Flowers are pure white; fragrant. Forms a pretty contract to the Tatarica when grouped with it.  2 to 3 to 4 ft.
PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS. Mock Orange. A hardy shrub with masses of pure white fragrant flowers.  2 to 3 ft
P. CORONARIUS AUREUS. Golden-leaved Syringa. A dwarf grower, with golden yellow foliage.  12 to 15 in
P. GRANDIFLORUS. Tall growing shrub. Large, creamy white flowers.
2 to 3 %. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.

P. LEMOINEI. An attractive variety. Small, fragrant flowers of a yellowish-white color.  18 to 24 in
PRUNUS JAPONICA FL. ALBA PL. Double flowering white Almond.  2 to 3 ft. \$1.25
P. JAPONICA FL. RUBRA PL. Double flowering pink Almond.
2 to 3 ft\$1.25
P. PISSARDI. Purple-leaved Plum.  3 to 4 ft
P. TRILOBA. Double flowering Plum. 2 to 3 ft\$1.25
RHODOTYPUS KERROIDES. Handsome foliage, large, single white flowers, resembling the Syringa.  2 to 3 ft.
RHUS TYPHINA. Staghorn Sumach. Brilliant foliage and bright red fruit in the Autumn.
2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.
R. TYPHINA LACINIATA. The leaves are as beautifully cut as the most delicate Fern. The foliage assumes most brilliant coloring in the Fall.
2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.
ROBINIA HISPIDA. Rose Acacia. A small shrub, with green leaves and graceful clusters of rose-colored flowers.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.
SAMBUCUS NIGRA AUREA. Golden Elder. One of the most showy shrubs, on account of its golden foliage.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.
SPIREA BILLARDI. A tall-growing variety with dense panicles of rich pink flowers in July and August.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.
S. BUMALDA. Dwarf with a profusion of rose-colored flowers in Mid-summer and Autumn.  18 to 24 in.
S. BUMALDA ANTHONY WATERER. A dwarf variety. Covered all Summer with rosy-crimson flowers.  12 to 15 in
S. CALLOSA ALBA. One of the best dwarf, white-flowering, bushy shrubs.  12 to 15 in
S. DOUCLASI. Has spikes of beautiful, deep, rose-colored flowers in July and August.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.
S. OPULIFOLIA AUREA. Golden leaved Ninebark. An interesting variety with golden yellow, tinted foliage and double white
flowers in June. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.

S. PRUNIFOLIA FL. PL. Bridal Wreath. Small, double white flowers borne close to the branches.  2 to 3 ft
S. REEVESIANA FL. PL. Slightly drooping; covered in May with clusters of double white flowers.  2 to 3 ft
S. THUNBERGII. Of dwarf habit, branches slender and somewhat drooping. Flowers are pure white, appearing in early spring.  12 to 15 in
S. VAN HOUTTEL. Bridal Veil. One of the most charming and beautiful of all the Spireas.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.
STAPHYLEA COLCHICA. A fine, early-flowering shrub, bearing fragrant, white flowers in panicles in June.  5 to 6 ft\$1.50
STEPHANANDRA FLEXUOSA. A medium-sized shrub with deeply cut leaves changing to red and yellow in fall.  18 to 24 in.  2 to 3 ft.
STYRAX JAPONICA. A tall-growing shrub of spreading habit, with small, fragrant, white, bell-shaped flowers on long stems in June and July.
6 to 7 ft
S. VULGARIS. Coral Berry. Small flowers and deep red berries along the underside of branches, graceful, pendulous habit of growth.  18 to 24 in.
SYRINGA PERSICA. A fine old sort of rather dwarf habit. Very fragrant purple flowers in late spring.  2 to 3 ft
S. VULGARIS. The well-known old-fashioned Lilac, bearing dense panicles of handsome, purple flowers in May.  2 to 3 ft
S. VULGARIS ALBA. Similar to the above, with pure white, fragrant flowers.  3 to 4 ft
VACCINIUM CORYMBOSUM. Huckleberry.  18 to 24 in
VIBURNUM ACERIFOLIUM. Maple-leaved Viburnum. A slender, slow-growing shrub, with flat heads of white flowers in May, purple berries in Fall.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4 ft.
V. CASSINCIDES. An upright grower with creamy-white flowers in June followed by pink berries and colored foliage in Fall. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.

V. DENTATUM. Arrow-Wood. One of th ing for foliage effects. Flowers, green in Fall.	e best shrubs for mass- ish white; blue berries
2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft.	4 to 5 ft.
V. LANTANA. Wayfaring Tree. A tall sh in large clusters in May, succeeded by a black.	rub, with white flowers red berries, changing to
2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4	
V. MOLLE. It resembles Dentatum, but h larger fruits; white flowers.  2 to 3 ft.  3 to 4	
V. OPULUS. High Bush Cranberry. Flow in the latter part of May. In the Fall red berries.	it is loaded with bright
2 to 3 ft	
V. OPULUS NANA. An attractive dwarf value ion-like. It bears no flowers.  8 to 10 in	
V. PLICATUM. Japanese Snowball. Very	
flowers, whiter and larger than those of The dark-green foliage is beautifully cri	of the common variety.
2 to 3 ft	
V. TOMENTOSUM. Single Japan Snowba and free-blooming variety, with pure value berries turning black.  2 to 3 ft	white flowers, with red
WEIGELIA CANDIDA. Flowers pure white profusion in June and continuing to bloc 2 to 3 ft	om until Autumn.
W. HYBRIDA EVA RATHKE. An exceeding cidedly the best of its color. An almost flowers of a brilliant crimson, a beautiful 18 to 24 in	ost continuous bloomer, ul distinct, clear shade.
W. ROSEA. Erect, compact growth. One colored flowers in June.	
2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4	
W. ROSEA NANA VARIEGATA. Of dware clearly defined, silvery variegated leaves.  One of the best variegated shrubs.	s; flowers nearly white.
18 to 24 in	3 ft75c
Hardy Climbing Plants	and Vines
ACTINIDIA POLYGAMA. Silver Sweet Vincing walls and trellises. Shiny green flowers.	foliage, fragrant white
2-year	
AMPELOPSIS QUINQUEFOLIA. Virginia (2-year35c 3-year	Creeper. 50c

A. VEITCHEI. Boston lvy. One of the best climbers. Foliage in
Autumn crimson, green and orange.  2-year75c Pot plants50c to \$1.00
of all the small-flowering varieties with shiny green foliage and a great profusion of beautiful and delightfully fragrant white flowers. Hardy and well adapted for covering a trellis or fence.  2-year old
EUONYMUS RADICANS. This is an evergreen, slow growing, self-clinging vine.  2-year old
E. VEGETUS. A beautiful hardy vine covered with green foliage all Winter and a profusion of red berries.  2-year
LONICERA JAPONICA HALLEANA. Hall's Japan Honeysuckle.  A strong, vigorous, almost evergreen sort. White flowers changing to yellow; very fragrant.  2-year old
LYCIUM CHINENSE. Matrimony Vine. A vigorous hardy, climbing shrub. It covers a great amount of space in a short time, and every new growth is covered with purple flowers, succeeded by scarlet berries.  50c
TECOMA RADICANS. The well-known Trumpet Creeper. Trumpet-shaped scarlet flowers.  2-year
WISTERIA CHINENSIS. Chinese Wisteria. A most beautiful climber of rapid growth.  2-year
W. CHINENSIS ALBA. Chinese White Wisteria. Like above, only having pure white flowers.  2-year
Page

# Roses

HYBRID PERPETUALS, HYBRID TEAS, POLYANTHA and CLIMB-ING ROSES of recent introduction. 2-year field grown in pots. May delivery. Varieties on application. \$1.00 each

\$10.00 per dozen

# Hardy Herbaceous Plants

25c each, \$2.00 per 10, except where noted

HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS may be set out either in Fall or Spring, in mixed borders or along boundaries of walks. These old-fashioned flowers are useful for cut flower purposes and can be used every day during the Spring, Summer and Fall months.

### ACHILLEA. Yarrow.

- A. ÆGYPTICA. Pale yellow flowers.
- A. MILLEFOLIUM RUBRUM. Fern-like foliage; flowers red in flat corymbs.
- A. PTARMICA "THE PEARL." Double, pure white flowers in clusters; valuable for cutting.

# AGROSTEMMA. Rose Campion.

A. OCULIS ALBA. (New.) A fine white-flowered form; 2 ft.; June and July.

#### AJUGA. Bugle.

A. REPTANS RUBRA. Purplish blue; compact growth; 6 in.; May and June.

### ALYSSUM. Madwort.

A. SAXATILE COMPACTUM. Bright yellow flowers in clusters. Very choice and of easy culture.

#### ANCHUSA. Alkanet.

A. ITALICA, DROPMORE VARIETY. A fine perennial, with gentian-blue flowers.

#### ANEMONE. Windflower.

A. QUEEN CHARLOTTE. Very large; semi-double, silvery pink.

## ANTHEMIS. Chamomile, or Marguerite.

A. TINCTORIA KELWAYI. Large, deep yellow flowers; fine foliage.

#### ARABIS. Rock Cress.

A. ALBIDA. It forms a dense carpet completely covered early in the season with fragrant, white flowers.

#### AQUILEGIA. Columbine.

- A. CALIFORNICA HYBRIDA. Flowers large, with scarlet sepals and yellow petals; foliage broad and ornamental.
- A. CANADENSIS. Flowers yellow and red.
- A. CHRYSANTHA. Golden yellow flowers, with long, threadlike spurs; fragrant.
- A. CŒRULEA. True Rocky Mountain Columbine. White flowers, tinted blue; 2 in. across.

#### ARTEMISIA. Wormwood.

A. LACTIFLORA. Flowers white, in much branched panicles; very fragrant.

#### ASTER. Michaelmas Daisies, or Starworts.

- A. CLIMAX. (New.) A grand, tall-growing variety; flowers very large, semi-double, pale lilac blue.
- A. NOVÆ-ANGLIÆ. Large, clear purple.
- A. THOS. S. WARE. Light, rosy lilac; large; very free.
- A. WHITE QUEEN. White; large.

#### BOLTONIA. False Chamomile.

B. ASTEROIDES. Pure white, starry flowers; 5 to 6 ft.

#### BUDDLEIA MAGNIFICA. 50c.

#### CAMPANULA. Bellflower. Harebell.

- C. CARPATICA. Deep blue flowers in great numbers.
- C. CARPATICA ALBA. Same as preceding, but with white flowers.

- C. MEDIA. The Well-known Canterbury Bell. Flowers of purple, white or pale rose.
- C. TRACHELIUM. Coventry Bells. Bluish purple.

#### CENTAUREA. Cornflower, or Bachelor's Button.

- C. DEALBATA. Large, deep pink flowers; compact, bushy habit; good for cutting.
- C. MONTANA CŒRULEA. Large, blue flowers.

#### CERASTIUM. Snow in Summer. Chickweed.

C. BIERBESTEINI. Pure white flowers.

# HARDY POMPON CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

The following named varieties we have selected as the best among many varieties grown by us:

FRANK WILCOX. Large late, bronze with gold.

GOLDEN CLIMAX. Large, fine late yellow.

GOLD FINCH. Golden yellow, shaded crimson button.

HILDA CANNING. Light bronze button.

LILIAN DOTY. Large light rose.

OTHELLO. Large bronze tint with gold.

QUEEN OF WHITE. Large pure white.

DOTY WHITE. Early large white.

#### CHRYSANTHEMUM MAXIMUM. Daisies.

C. MAXIMUM SHASTA. Large; pure white; very free blooming.

#### CONOCLINIUM COELESTINUM. Mist Flower.

Late-blooming heliotrope, flowers violet blue in compact heads.

#### COREOPSIS. Tickseed.

C. GRANDIFLORA. Large, deep yellow, flowers from early Summer until hard frost.

#### DELPHINIUM. Larkspur.

- D. BELLADONNA. Sky blue; flowers all Summer.
- D. CHINENSIS. D. Grandiflora. Clear blue.
- D. CHINENSIS ALBA. White form of the above.
- D. HYBRIDS. Extra choice strain, producing spikes from 4 to 6 ft. high, with single and double flowers in all shades of color.
- D. FORMOSUM. Rich, deep blue flowers; long spurred.

#### DESMODIUM. Tick Trefoil.

D. PENDULIFLORUM. Long racemes of rose purple, peashaped, drooping flowers. DIANTHUS. Hardy Garden Pink.

**иниципириципи** 

D. BARBATUS. The popular and well-known "Sweet William" in various colors.

Double Flowering Garden Pinks.

- D. PLUMARIUS CARMEN. Light pink; double, fragrant flowers.
- D. PLUMARIUS HER MAJESTY. Very double, pure white flowers.
- D. PLUMARIUS MRS. SINKINS. Flowers large, double, pure white and very fragrant.
- D. PLUMARIUS WHITE RESERVE. White, fragrant, double flowers, with finely fringed petals.
- D. PRINCESS LOUISE. Rosy carmine.

DICENTRA. Bleeding Heart.

D. SPECTABILIS. Heart-shaped, pink and white flowers.

DIGITALIS. Foxglove.

D. PURPUREA. Large flowers of various shades of rose, purple and white.

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ECHINACEA. Coneflower.

E. PURPUREA. Large, reddish purple flowers.

ERYNGIUM. Sea Holly.

E. PLANUM. Medium-sized, light, steel-blue flowers from July to September.

EUPATORIUM. Thoroughwort.

E. AGERATCIDES. Of strong, free growth, 3 to 4 ft. high; white flowers; fine for cutting.

FUNKIA. Plaintain Lily.

- F. AUREA VARIEGATA. Variegated green and gold; flowers purplish lilac.
- F. CŒRULEA. Ovata. Light blue flowers.
- F. LANCIFOLIA. Narrow, lanceolate foliage and spikes of pale lavender flowers.
- F. ROBUSTA ELEGANS VARIEGATA. Vigorous variety, with large, deep green foliage, striped with white.
- F. SIEBOLDIANA. Broad, silvery, heart-shaped foliage and pale lilac flowers.
- F. SUBCORDATA ALBA. Corfu Lily. Broad, handsome foliage, with waxy white, bell-shaped flowers.

GAILLARDIA. Blanket Flower.

G. GRANDIFLORA. Aristate. Large flowers, veined with crimson and orange.

GERANIUM. Crane's Bill.

G. SANGUINEA. Light purple flowers and deeply cut foliage.

GYPSOPHILA. Baby's Breath.

G. PANICULATA. Tiny white flowers, on stiff, wiry stems, presenting a lovely gauze-like appearance.

#### HELENIUM. Sneezewort.

- H. AUTUMNALE RUBRUM. Bright terra cotta red; of late introduction; very choice.
- H. AUTUMNALE SUPERBUM. Grows 3 to 4 ft. high; deep golden yellow flowers.
- H. HOOPESI. The earliest flowering variety and the only one with pure orange-colored flowers.

#### HELIANTHUS. Sunflower.

- H. MOLLIS GRANDIFLORA. Flowers lemon yellow, often 3 in. across.
- H. MULTIFLORUS FL. PL. Large, double, Dahlia-like, deep yellow flowers in great profusion.
- H. WOLLEY DODD. Deep yellow; best of the September-flowering varieties.

### HELIOPSIS. Ox-Eye or Orange-Sunflower.

H. PITCHERIANA. Cup-shaped flowers of deep orange color.

### HEMEROCALLIS. Yellow Day Lily.

- H. DUMORTIERI. Orange-yellow flowers, with bronze tint.
- H. FLAVA. Lemon Lily. Bears large, lemon-yellow fragrant flowers.
- H. KWANSO FL. PL. Double Orange Lily. Large, double, orange-colored flowers shaded copper.

#### HEUCHERA. Alum Root.

- H. SANGUINEA. Coral Bells. Coral-red flowers on slender, wiry stems; 1½ ft. high.
- H. SANGUINEA ALBA. A white form of the preceding variety. Bears creamy white flowers.

#### HIBISCUS. Mallow.

- H. MALLOW MARVELS. Producing flowers of enormous size, in the richest shades of crimson, pink and white.
- H. MALLOW MARVELS RED. 6 to 8 ft.
- H. CRIMSON EYE. Pure white, with crimson at the base of each petal.
- H. ROSEUS. Large, bright pink flowers, very striking.

#### HOLLYHOCK. Althæa.

An old-fashion favorite. The flowers form rosettes, shades of yellow, orange, pink, red, etc.

#### HYPERICUM. St. John's Wort.

H. MOSERIANUM. Golden yellow flowers.

#### IBERIS. Candytuft.

- I. SEMPERVIRENS. Evergreen Candytuft. Well adapted to the rockery; white flowers.
- I. SEMPERVIRENS SNOWFLAKE. An improvement of the preceding; of a compact habit and flower heads much larger.

# Iris Kaempferi

### DOUBLE JAPANESE IRIS.

SHISHI-ODORI. (Dancing Lion.) Deep purple; large.

HANA-AVI. Large; blue, purple cast.

KOSUI-NO-IRO. Light blue; very fine.

CELIA. White, tinted light rose; fine.

FRATTE. White, blue veins; fine.

GOLD BOUND. Large; white, golden center.

DANUBE. Rich blue, golden center.

#### SINGLE JAPAN IRIS.

YOMO-NO-UMI. White, slightly shaded purple.

KIMI-NO-MEGUMI. Violet rose, purple veins.

YEZO-NISHIKI. Maroon, white spots.

SHIRATAKI. White, with pink center.

PEACH BLOOM. Rosy white.

#### GERMAN IRIS.

Another good old handsome flower. They bloom in May and June, when there is a dearth of flowers.

CYPHIANA SUPERBA. Very large; purple and crimson, with rich veinings.

FLORENTINA ALBA. Pure white; early.

HONORABILIS. Falls yellow with purple, center clear yellow.

LA TENDRESSE. Delicate lavender and lilac.

LA TRISTESSE. Ashy, center white, with purple.

MRS. H. DARWIN. Large, white, with violet veins.

MME. CHEREAU. White, elegantly frilled azure blue.

OTHELLO. Rich, velvety purple; a fine, early variety.

PALLIDA DALMATICA. Large, lavender-blue flowers in clusters on long stems.

SAPPHO. White, with lilac markings; large and fine.

#### VARIOUS IRIS.

SIBIRICA ORIENTALIS. Violet blue; 2 to 3 ft.

SIBIRICA SNOW QUEEN. Large, snow-white flowers.

#### LATHYRUS. Everlasting Pea.

- L. LATIFOLIUS. Clusters of large, red flowers on long stems in constant succession during the entire Summer.
- L. LATIFOLIUS ALBIFLORUS. Similar to the preceding; pure white.
- L. LATIFOLIUS PINK BEAUTY. Clusters of pink flowers.

#### LAVANDULA. Lavender.

L. VERA. True Sweet Lavender. Fragrant, lavender flowers.

#### LOBELIA. Cardinal Flower.

L. CARDINALIS. Deep scarlet flowers on spikes 2 to 3 ft. tall, strong plants often producing 10 to 15 spikes.

LUPINUS. Lupin.

L. POLYPHYLLUS. Large spikes of blue flowers.

L. ALBUS. Large spikes of pure white flowers.

L. ROSEA. Beautiful pink.

LYTHRUM. Rosy Loose-Strife.

L. PERRY'S VARIETY. A much improved variety. Flowers are of red color on tall, graceful spikes.

MERTENSIA. Lungwort.

M. VIRGINICA. Clusters of rich purplish-blue flowers. Admirable for border or rockery.

MONARDA. Bee Balm-Bergamot.

M. DIDYMA. Oswego Tea. Heads of brilliant scarlet flowers.

#### PACHYSANDRA.

P. TERMINALIS. A trailing plant, with evergreen foliage. White flowers in May and June. Sun or shade.

PÆONIA. PEONY. 75c, \$1.00 and \$2.00 each.

ALEXANDER DUMAS. Bright rose.

ALEXANDRINA. Light pink; fragrant; fine.

AMABILIS LILACINA. Lilac, with large petals.

AUGUSTE MIELEZ. White, with a slight flesh color tint.

CHAS. GOSSELIN. Blush guard, sulphur center; very fragrant; late bloomer.

COUNTESS POTOCKA. Medium size; beautiful, pink color, Chrysanthemum center, changing to white.

**DAUBENTON.** Rose purple, violet tinged, petals bordered with white.

FESTIVA MAXIMA. The color is a dazzling white, dotted with bright carmine in the center.

FLORENCE TAYLOR. Beautiful pink, tipped with white.

INSIGNIS. Carmine rose; fine form; good.

JOSEPHINE PARMENTIER. Pale pink, large flower.

L'AIGLON. Double, purplish pink; medium size, delicately marked.

MARY TUDOR. Medium size; very double; dark red.

MME. ELIZA BILMON. White, with purplish center.

MODEL OF PERFECTION. Large, double; deep pink.

MONS. BARILLET-DESCHAMPS. Rich carmine purple, tinted white.

MONS. MALLET. Pink and lavender.

MONS. PAILLET. Very choice, fresh pink, imbricated; absolutely double; fragrant.

PARMANTIER. Medium size; single row of pale pink petals, surrounding Chrysanthemum center of pure white.

PAUL VERDIER. Deep pink.

RICHARD PETERS. Handsome flower; white, with very pale pink tint.

RUBRA SUPERBA. Large; double; dark rose.

SOUV. DE L'EXPOSITION. Deep rose.

SYDONIE. Anemone-flowered, pale rose, serrated edges; large and fine.

VICTOIRE DE L'ALMA. White, with pale rose color blended.

PAPAVER. Poppy.

POPPY, MRS. PERRY. Large salmon pink.

PENTSTEMON. Beard Tongue.

- P. BARBATUS TORREYI. Brilliant, scarlet-flowered; 3 to 4 ft.
- P. DIGITALIS. Large spikes of white flowers, with purple throats; 2 to 3 ft.; June, July.

# Hardy Phlox

#### PHLOX DECUSSATA.

ANNIE COOK. Flesh pink; large heads; good habit.

CARAN D'ACHE. A rosy carmine color, center violet, tinged with rose.

CHAMPS ELYSEE. Fine, rich purplish crimson.

ELIZABETH CAMPBELL. Light salmon pink. One of the best. 50c each.

FERNAND CORTEZ. Deep crimson; very dark center; bronze effect.

GEFION. A large clear pink.

G. A. STROHLEIN. Crimson scarlet, cherry red eye.

GEN. VON HEUTZ. Orange scarlet, crimson red eye.

CEN. CHANZY. Scarlet pink, tinted salmon; fine spike.

LOUIS ABBEMA. Fine large pure white, dwarf.

LUMINEAUX. Light red, lighter toward center; crimson eye; large; very choice.

QUEEN. Pure white; fine grower and very fine flower.

RHEINLANDER. Large flowers, salmon pink.

RHYNSTROM. Very large flowers of bright pink.

THOR. Large bright salmon pink with crimson eye.

W. C. EGAN. Soft shade of pink with bright red eye.

WM. RAMSEY. Deep purple magenta, darker center.

WM. ROBINSON. Salmon, with rosy center; large flower.

#### PHLOX SUFFRUTICOSA HYBRIDS.

MISS LINGARD. Fine white; free blooming.

#### PHLOX SUBULATA. Moss Pinks.

- P. SUBULATA ALBA. An abundance of pure white flowers.
- P. SUBULATA ROSEA. Clear rose color.

### DWARF PHLOX. Various Types.

P. DIVARICATA CANADENSIS. Large, fragrant, lavender flowers; 10 in.; May.

#### PHYSOSTEGIA. False Dragon Head.

- P. VIRGINICA ALBA. White flowers; June.
- P. VIRGINICA ROSEA. Flowers beautiful, soft pink.

#### PLATYCODON. Chinese Bellflower.

- P. GRANDIFLORUM. Large, deep blue, cupped, star-shaped flowers from July to September.
- P. GRANDIFLORUM ALBUM. A white-flowered form of the preceding.

#### POLEMONIUM. lacob's Ladder.

- P. RICHARDSONI. Large heads of sky-blue flowers, with golden yellow anthers.
- P. RICHARDSONI ALBA. A white-flowered form of the preceding.

### PRIMULA. Hardy Primrose.

- P. ELATIOR POLYANTHUS. Flowers in shades of yellow, red, crimson and purple.
- P. VULGARIS. English Primrose. Flowers of bright canary yellow; very fragrant.

#### PYRETHRUM. Feverfew.

- A charming Summer-flowering perennial.
- P. HYBRIDUM. Single flowering, in various shades of white, pink and red.
- P. LITTLE GEM. Very pretty, small, white flowers and aromatic foliage.

#### RUDBECKIA. Coneflower.

- R. GOLDEN GLOW. Beautiful, double, golden yellow flowers.
- R. SUBTOMENTOSA. Flowers with 15 rays of yellow, with darker center.

#### SAXIFRAGA. Rock Foil, or Megasea.

S. CORDIFOLIA. Large, foliage, turning to a bronze-red in Winter; also a fine border plant.

#### SAPONARIA. Soapwort.

S. OCYMOIDES. For the rockery, with bright pink flowers.

#### SEDUM. Stone Crop.

- S. ALBUM. Of a vigorous habit; small, round leaves; white flowers.
- S. SPECTABILIS. Heads of rose-colored flowers in late Fall.
- S. SPURIUM COCCINEUM. Grows about 6 in. high, producing very beautiful crimson flowers. Largely used for cemetery work.

STATICE. Sea Lavender.

- S. LATIFOLIA. A handsome border plant of easy culture; blue flowers in immense heads.
- STOKESIA. Stokes' Aster or Cornflower.
  - S. CYANEA. Aster-like blue flowers.
- THALICTRUM. Meadow Rue.
  - T. AQUILEGIFOLIUM. Graceful foliage; sepals of flowers white, stamens purple.
  - T. CORNUTI. A tall-growing, much-branched variety, with white flowers in long, leafy panicles.
- TRADESCANTIA. Spiderwort.
  - T. VIRGINICA. Violet-blue flowers, 1- to 2-ft. stems.
- TRITOMA. Flame-Flower, Torch Lily, or Red Hot Poker.
  - T. UVARIA CRANDIFLORA. Fine, rich, crimson flowers shading to yellow, on spikes 3 to 4 ft. high.

#### TUNICA.

T. SAXIFRAGA. A tufted plant, with pretty, pink flowers. Fine for rockery.

#### VALERIANA. Valerian.

Very popular, old-fashioned garden plants.

V. OFFICINALIS. Hardy garden Heliotrope. White flowers in large trusses.

#### VERONICA. Speedwell.

- V. LONGIFOLIA SUBSESSILIS. The Blue Jay Flower. A strong grower and with rich blue flowers on tall spikes. Fine for cutting.
- V. SPICATA. Long spikes of bright blue flowers.
- V. SPICATA ALBA. The same as the preceding, excepting the pure white flowers. Fine.

#### Adam's Needle.

Y. FILAMENTOSA. Evergreen plant with bell-shaped, creamy white flowers during June and July.

# Ornamental Grasses

#### EULALIA.

- E. GRACILLIMA. Its leaves are very narrow and dark green with silver-white mid-rib.
- E. JAPONICA. A tall showy grass, with plain green leaves.
- E. JAPONICA. Variegated. With long, narrow leaves, striped with green and white.
- E. JAPONICA ZEBRINA. Zebra Grass. A quaint novelty, with yellow bands.

#### ERIANTHUS. Ravenna Grass.

E. RAVENNÆ. A very ornamental grass, growing 7 ft. high, with beautiful plumes.

#### FESTUCA.

F. GLAUCA. Dwarf tufted grass, with bluish green foliage.

# Hardy Ferns

#### OSMUNDA.

O. CINNAMOMEA. Cinnamon Fern. A very beautiful, tall-growing variety, often reaching 5 ft.

# Plant Department

### AGERATUM.

LITTLE MIDGET. Dwarf variety, covered with light blue flowers. 10c each, \$1.00 per doz.

ALTERNANTHERA. 10c each, \$1.00 per doz.

Dainty, dwarf plants of compact habit, growing about 6 in. high. Attractive for flower beds and borders.

AUREA. Small, bright yellow leaves.

BRILLIANTISSIMA. Bright red foliage.

ALYSSUM. 10c each, \$1.00 per doz.

SWEET ALYSSUM. Flowers white and fragrant; fine for edging or rock-work.

BEGONIA LUMINOSA. With bright red flowers. Blooms all Summer. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 each.

### CANNAS.

FLORENCE VAUGHAN. Of large size, growing 4 ft. tall. Flowers are a deep yellow, mottled with rich crimson. \$3.00 per doz.

KING HUMBERT. A brilliant orange scarlet, with bright red shadings. Foliage a rich, reddish bronze. \$3.50 per doz.

LOUISIANA. A vigorous grower, producing a thick mass of glossy, green foliage, each leaf edged with a narrow, purple band; flowers are a dazzling scarlet. \$3.00 per doz.

MRS. KATE GRAY. Grows 4 to 5 ft. and of a bright, glossy green; flowers are a rich shade of orange scarlet. \$3.00 per doz.

PRESIDENT. Flowers brilliant crimson, with scarlet shadings, in large trusses. \$3.50 per doz.

WYOMING. Rich purple foliage and orange-colored flowers of the true Orchid shape. \$3.00 per doz.

COLEUS. 2-inch pot, 10c. 3-inch pot, 25c.

BUTTERFLY. Bright red and yellow.

BRILLIANTISSIMA. Rich, lustrous, carmine, merging into maroon.

FIREBRAND. Maroon, flamed and shaded with brilliant, fiery red.

GOLDEN BEDDER. Finest clear yellow.

PERFECTION. Large, heart-shaped leaves of deep, velvety maroon, edged with bright green.

VERSCHAFFELTII. Rich, velvety crimson. One of the best and most popular.

#### DRACÆNA.

D. INDIVISA. This is the variety used so extensively as a center plant for vases, urns and boxes. 4-inch pot. \$1.50 each.

GERANIUMS. 4-inch pot, \$3.00 per doz.

GENERAL GRANT (Double). Bright scarlet flowers.

GRANVILLE. Color the most beautiful shade of rose pink.

POITEVINE. Salmon pink.

S. A. NUTT. A double-flowering variety of a handsome, dark red color.

WHITE GERANIUMS. Best varieties.

ROSE-SCENTED. This old favorite needs little description, as it is known to all.

#### HELIOTROPE.

Held in high favor on account of its delicious fragrance; dark purple heads of flowers. 3-inch pot. \$3.00 per doz.

HYDRANGEA OTAKSA. \$1.00 to \$1.25 each.

AMPELOPSIS VEITCHEI, BOSTON IVY. 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

ARISTOLOCHIA SIPHO, DUTCHMAN'S PIPE. 50c each.

GERMAN OR PARLOR IVY. One of the very few good climbing plants for the house; used as trailing plants in hanging baskets or urns. 4-inch pot. \$3.00 per doz.

ENGLISH IVY. A well-known vine, with broad, glossy, dark green leaves. 4-inch pot. 50c each.

KUDZU. Dolichos Japonica.

The Kudzu Vine is remarkable for the great rapidity of its growth and most useful for covering arbors and verandas. 50c each.

#### LANTANA.

One of the most desirable bedding plants. The Verbena-like heads are variegated orange, white, rose and other beautiful shades. 10c each, \$1.00 per doz.

#### PETUNIAS.

ASSORTED COLORS, DOUBLE AND SINGLE. 10c each, \$1.00 per doz.

SALVIA. Scarlet Sage.

S. ZURICH. A splendid dwarf variety, growing about 2 ft. high. 10c each, \$1.00 per doz.

VINCA.

V. MAJOR VARIEGATA. Variegated Periwinkle. One of the best and most popular trailing plants for window boxes, vases, etc. Broadly margined with creamy white; blue flowers. Four in pot. 40c each. GUARANTEE We cannot guarantee any trees, shrubs and plants sold by us, other than that they are true to name and free from disease and hold ourselves prepared to replace, on proper proof, all that may prove to be otherwise; we do not give any warranty, express or implied, with respect to them. Any and all such goods are sold upon the express condition and understanding that in case any of them prove to be untrue to name, unhealthy or otherwise defective, we shall not be held responsible for a greater amount than the original price of the goods. In no case do we assume responsibility after goods are shipped, unless for our own mistakes. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are to be returned at once.

REPLACING We cannot replace trees which fail to live or make a deduction on plants lost by customers. The success of a tree depends upon its management after it leaves our hands, and over its planting and after-treatment we can have no possible control. A tree may be killed by too much or too little water, by drought, by being planted too deep or not deep enough, or by having its naked roots exposed to the wind for an hour; evergreens are especially endangered by this last treatment. One should also bear in mind that a tree planted in the Spring may show no life until Autumn, or even fail to come out in full leaf until the succeeding Spring. We have often had trees reported as lost when a little patience on the part of the owner proved that the trees were really alive.

OUR NURSERIES are always open during the week to visitors, but on Sundays we do no business whatever and there is no one at the nursery on that day to show the stock.

MISTAKES we make occasionally, and hold ourselves in readiness to promptly rectify them, as far as possible. Count and examine your stock upon receipt. If not right, communicate with us immediately, stating exactly what the trouble is. We cannot control the season, nor the transportation companies, and no attention can be given to complaints unless made within ten days from receipt of goods.

SHIPPING FACILITIES UNEXCELLED, being located at the junction of several lines of railroad, and with two express companies. Special express rate, twenty per cent. less than any other merchandise. We take receipt for all goods shipped, after which purchasers must look to forwarders for all damage from delay or miscarriage.

WHEN BEST TO ORDER. Order now. Do not wait until you are ready to plant. Delayed orders often make it impossible for us to ship the varieties or sizes wanted. Your order will not be shipped until the proper time, or until you wish it. In ordering, write the name, size and variety plainly, so as to avoid mistakes. Write your order on a separate sheet and state how you wish it shipped, whether express or freight.

WE CLAIM THE RIGHT to substitute with similar sorts when out of any variety, unless "No substitution" is plainly stated in the order.

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REFERENCES. All orders from unknown correspondents must be accompanied with the amount of the order, or satisfactory references furnished. If the order is for immediate shipment, it is safer to send the amount with the order, to save the delay of investigating the references.

HOW BEST TO REMIT. Remit by Bank Draft, Post Office or Express Money Order, or Registered Letter.

# Important to You!

We want everything bought of us to grow—AND IT WILL, provided you give it a little care and attention after planting. Transplanting is an operation which 99 times out of 100 is successful, but some nursing after the operation must be given. A drink of water at least twice a week with a little cultivation or loosening of the soil near the plant is usually all that is required. Shrubs and trees that have no earth on the roots when planted must be cut back ½ to ½ off their growth. This is done because part of the roots have to be cut off in digging them up and there are not enough roots left to care for the previous top. If you will do this nursing or have it done you will obtain results that will prove gratifying to you and become one of the many who are boosting our stock. Don't hope to get results unless you nurse them along the first season. Water and then more water if weather keeps dry. Our Service Department will be pleased to answer any of your planting problems.

# Hints on Transplanting, Etc.

We cannot attempt to give complete directions on all points connected with Tree Planting, but simply a few hints on the more important operations.

The soil should be mellow.

Dig holes large enough to admit spreading the roots of the tree out in their natural position; then let one person hold the tree in an upright position, and the other shovel in the earth, carefully putting the finest and the best from the surface in among the roots, filling every interstice, and bringing every root in contact with the soil. When the earth is nearly filled in, a pail of water may be thrown on, to settle and wash in the earth around the roots; then fill in the remainder and tread gently with the foot. The use of water is seldom necessary, except in dry weather early in Fall or late in Spring. Guard against planting too deep; the trees, after the ground settles, should stand in this respect as they did in the nursery. In very dry, gravelly ground, the holes should be dug twice the usual size and depth, and filled in with good loamy soil.

# ELIZABETH NURSERY CO. ELIZABETH. NEW JERSEY

Telephones, Emerson 7120-7121

E. RUNYAN, Pres. and Treas. FOSTER M. VOORHEES, Vice-Pres. W. W. DELAP, Sec.

